CLAIMS

1. A method of aiding in the diagnosis of the neoplastic condition of a lung cell, comprising detecting the presence of an overexpressed proto-oncogene selected from the group consisting of b-myb, p67, PGP9.5 and 8-oxo-dGTPase, in a lung cell sample, wherein the overexpression is indicative of the neoplastic condition of the lung cell.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the proto-oncogene is b-myb.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the proto-oncogene is PGP9.5.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the proto-oncogene is 8-oxo-dGTPase.

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- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the proto-oncogene is p67.
- 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the presence of the overexpressed proto-oncogene is determined by detecting the quantity of mRNA transcribed from the proto-oncogene.
- 7. The method of claim 2, wherein the detecting is determined by probing the sample with a probe or primer comprising the sequence TGCTGCCCTG (SEQ. ID No.1) or its complement.
- 8. The method of claim 3, wherein the detecting is determined by probing the sample with a probe or primer comprising the sequence is CAGTCTAAAA (SEQ. ID No.2) or its complement.

9. The method of claim 4, wherein the detecting is determined by probing the sample with a probe or primer comprising the sequence TGGCCCGACG (SEQ. ID No.3) or its complement.

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10. The method of claim 5, wherein the detecting is determined by probing the sample with a probe or primer comprising the sequence TAATACTTTT (SEQ ID NO. 4) or its complement.

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11. The method of claim 6, wherein the presence of the overexpressed proto-oncogene is determined by detecting the quantity of cDNA produced from the reverse transcription of the mRNA.

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lung cancer.

12. The method of claim 1, wherein the presence of the overexpressed proto-oncogene is determined by detecting the quantity of the polypeptide or protein encoded by the proto-oncogene.

The method of claim 12, wherein the lung cancer is non-small cell

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14. A screen for a potential therapeutic agent for the reversal of the neoplastic condition of a lung cell wherein the cell is characterized by overexpression of a proto-oncogene selected from the group consisting of b-myb, p67, PGP9.5 and 8-oxo-dGTPase comprising contacting a sample with an effective amount of a potential agent and assaying for reversal of the neoplastic condition.

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15. The screen of claim 14, wherein the proto-oncogene is b-myb.

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16. The method of claim 14, wherein the proto-oncogene is PGP9.5.

17. The method of claim 14, wherein the proto-oncogene is 8-oxo-dGTPase.

18. The method of claim 14, wherein the proto-oncogene is p67.

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19. A method for reversing the neoplastic condition of a lung cell, wherein the cell is characterized by overexpression of a proto-oncogene comprising contacting the cell with an agent identified by the method of claim 14.

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- 20. The method of claim 19, wherein the proto-oncogene is b-myb.
- 21. The method of claim 19, wherein the proto-oncogene is PGP9.5.
- The method of claim 19, wherein the proto-oncogene is 8-oxo-dGTPase.
 - 23. The method of claim 19, wherein the proto-oncogene is p67.
- The method of claims 19, wherein the agent is anti-sense RNA that specifically inhibits the overexpression of the proto-oncogene.
 - 25. A probe or primer to detect the presence of b-myb, comprising sequence TGCTGCCCTG (SEQ. ID No.1) or its complement.

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- 26. A probe or primer to detect the presence of PGP9.5, comprising sequence CAGTCTAAAA (SEQ. ID No.2) or its complement.
- 27. A probe or primer to detect the presence of 8-oxo-dGTPase, comprising sequence TGGCCCGACG (SEQ. ID No.3) or its complement.

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28. A probe or primer to detect the presence of p67, comprising sequence TAATACTTTT (SEQ ID NO. 4) or its complement.

29. A solid phase support comprising the probes or primers of claims 25 through 28, or their complements.

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30. A kit for use in a diagnostic method according to claim 1 comprising in suitable packaging:

one or more polynucleotides selected from the group consisting of b-myb, p67, PGP9.5 and 8-oxo-dGTPase immobilized on a solid support and a reagent suitable for hybridizing a sample suspected of containing the lung cancer cell.